language: Gerund or Infinitive

Verbs+ infinitive With to

verbs + gerund (ing)

verbs + gerund or infinitive with to

Would like – want promise – encourage warn- remind- decideagree- refuse – offerhelp- manage- tendhope- deserve- attempt spend/ waste (time) finish – like – enjoydetest- dislike- avoidrisk- deny- postpone imagine- mind- consider miss.....

continue- begin – start-
intend – love- hate – like
prefer- remember
bother

Examples:

1- She wanted to get a job.

He would like to go to Africa.

They helped me to decorate the room.

2- She enjoys sailing in her spare time.

Would you mind coming with me?

The little child dreads being alone in the dark.

3- It has started raining.

It started to rain.

Note:

- Adjectives+ prepositions always take the gerund.

For e.g: - I'm fond of singes

- They're keen on learning Spanish.
- She's fed up with working eight hours a day.
- Most phrasal verbs also take the gerund.

For e.g: - He kept on talking even if nobody was interested.

- She apologized for being late.
- Other expression which take the gerund are:

Can't risk- can't stand- can't bear- can't help- can't resist- fell like- look forward to – it's no use- it's no good- get used to- be used to-

For e.g: - She tried to be serious but she couldn't help laughing.

- It's no use advising him. He won't listen!!
- Some verbs take an infinitive without to.

Let- help- let's – may- might- can- could- will- must- should- shall- had better

For e.g: - Can you help me move this table?

- Let me do it myself.